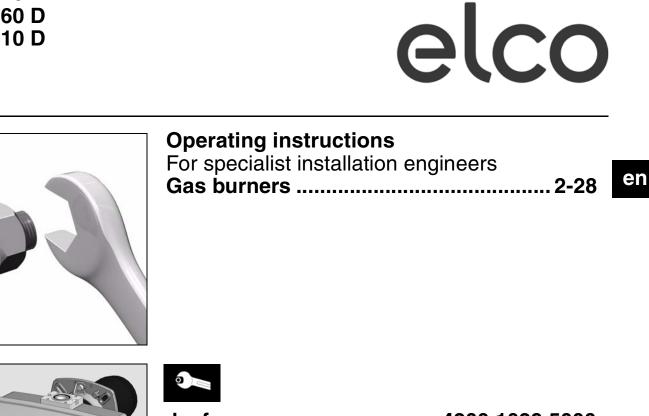
VG 2.120 D VG 2.160 D VG 2.210 D





de, fr	1029 5000
it, nl 4200	1029 5100



.... 4200 1029 4901

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Important information

VG 2.120/160/210 D burners are designed for the low-pollutant combustion of natural gas and propane gas. The design and function of the burners meet standard EN 676. They are suitable for use with all heat generators complying with standard EN 303 or for use by hot air generators complying with standard DIN 4794 or DIN 30697 within their respective performance range. Any other type of application requires the approval of ELCO.

Installation, commissioning and maintenance must only be carried out by authorised specialists and all applicable directives and regulations must be complied with.

Burner description

VG 2.120/160/210 D burners are two-stage fully automatic monoblock devices. The special design of the combustion head enables combustion with low levels of nitrogen oxide and increased output. Class 3 type-approval in accordance with EN676 certifies that the lowest emission values have been achieved and means that the national environmental regulations have been met

- KFA 1995, FAV 1997 LRV 2005 1.BImSChV AT: CH:
- DF:

Emissions values may differ, depending on combustion chamber dimensions, combustion chamber load and the firing system (three-pass boilers, boilers with reverse firing). For specifying warranty values, the conditions for the measuring equipment, tolerances and humidity must be observed.

Packaging

- The burner packaging also contains: 1 Gas connection flange
- Compact gas train with gas filter Burner flange
- with insulation
- Bag containing mounting parts Bag containing Technical
- Documentation

The following standards should be observed in order to ensure safe, environmentally sound and energy-efficient operation:

FN 226

Connection of fuel oil and forced-draught gas burners to a heat generator

EN 60335-1, -2-102

Specification for safety of household and similar electrical appliances, particular requirements for gas burning appliances

Gas lines

When installing the gas lines and trains, the general directives and guidelines, as well as the following national regulations, must be observed: CH: - G

- G1 instruction text from SSIGE - EKAS form no. 1942,
 - liquefied gas directive, part 2
 - Cantonal authority guidelines (e.g. directives for the pilot valve)
- DE - DVGW-TVR/TRGI

Installation location

The burner must not be used in rooms with aggressive vapours (e.g. hair spray, tetrachloroethylene, carbon tetrachloride), high levels of dust or high air humidity (e.g. laundry rooms).

If no connection to an air exhaust system is provided for the air supply, there must be a supply air inlet measuring: DE:

up to 50 kW: 150 cm² per additional kW: : + 2.0 cm² QF [kW] x 6= ...cm²; but at least CH: 150 cm

Variations may arise as a result of local regulations.

Declaration of conformity for gas burners

We, certified company No. AQF030, F-74106 ANNEMASSE Cedex, declare under our sole responsibility that the products VG 2.120 D VG 2.160 D VG 2.210 D conform to the following standards EN 50165 EN 55014 EN 60335-1 EN 60335-2-102 EN 60555-2

EN 60555-3

EN 676

Belgian royal decree dated 08/01/2004

These products bear the CE mark in accordance with the stipulations of the following directives 2006/ 42/FC Machinery directive

2000/ 42/20	Machinery and onvo
2004/108/EC	EMC directive
2006/ 95/EC	Low voltage directive
92/ 42/EEC	EEC Working
	efficiency directive

Annemasse, 25th March 2010 M. SPONZA

We accept no responsibility for damage arising from:

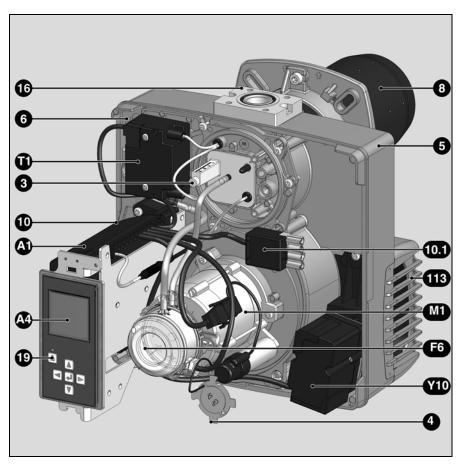
- inappropriate use.
- incorrect installation and/or repair on the part of the buyer or any third party, including the fitting of non-original parts.

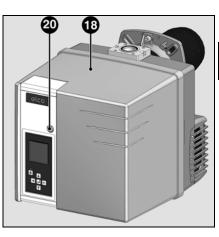
Final delivery and instructions for use The firing system fitter must supply the operator of the system with operating and maintenance instructions on or before final delivery. These instructions should be displayed in a prominent location at the point of installation of the heat generator, They should include the address and telephone number of the nearest customer service centre.

Notes for the operator

The system should be inspected by a specialist at least once a year. Depending on the type of installation, shorter maintenance intervals may be necessary! It is advisable to take out a maintenance contract to guarantee regular servicing.

Burner description





en

- Control and safety unit
- A1 A4 F6
 - Display Air pressure switch
 - Blower motor
- Igniter
- M1 T1 Y10 Air flap servomotor
- Adjusting servomotor Adjusting screw for dimension **Y** Sealing washer for Liquefied Petroleum Gas Housing Plate hanging device (Maintenance) Burner tube 3 4
- 5 6
- 8 Burner tube
- 10 7-pin connector 10.1 4-pin connector
- 16 18 Gas train connecting flange
 - Cover
- 19 Release knob20 Hood securing screw113 Air intake box

Safety function

Description of the function

A pre-ventilation time of 24 seconds begins when first powering up, after a power cut or a lockout, after the gas supply has been cut or after a shutdown for 24 hours.

During the pre-ventilation time

- the air pressure is monitored
- the combustion chamber is monitored to detect any flame signals.

At the end of the pre-ventilation time

- the ignition is switched on
- the main and safety solenoid valves are opened.
- burner start-up

Monitoring

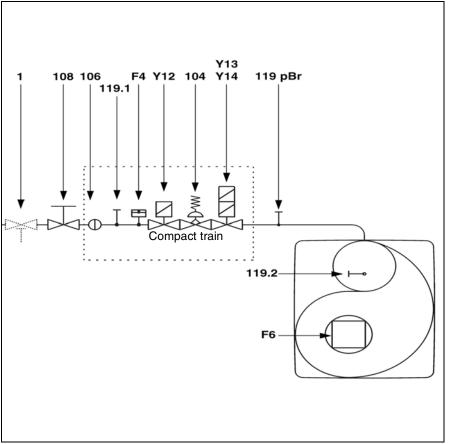
The flame is monitored by an ionisation probe. The probe is fitted with insulation to the gas head and is routed through the turbulator into the flame zone. The probe must not have any electrical contact with earthed parts. The burner switches to malfunction if a short circuit occurs between the probe and the burner earth. During burner operation, an ionised zone is produced in the gas flame through which a rectified current flows from the probe to the burner tip. The 2^{nd} stage ionisation current must be at least 7 μ A.

Safety functions

- If no flame is produced when the burner is started (gas release), the burner is switched off at the end of the safety time which lasts no more than 3 seconds and the gas valve closes.
- If the flame is lost during operation, the gas supply is cut within a second. A new start-up sequence is activated. If the burner starts, the operating cycle starts running. Otherwise a lockout occurs.
- If there is an air failure during preventilation or operation, a lockout occurs.
- If there is a gas failure, the burner either stops or will not start. As soon as the gas pressure recovers a sufficient value, burner starts again.

During the regulator shutdown

- The control thermostat interrupts the heat request.
- The gas valves close
- The flame goes out
- The burner is ready for operation



- F4 Gas pressure switch
- F6 Air pressure switch
- Y12 Safety solenoid valve
- Y13 Solenoid valve, 1st stage
- Y14 Solenoid valve, 2nd stage
- 1 Thermal shut-off valve (to be installed by the installer)
- 104 Gas pressure regulator
- 106 Screen
- 108 Gas cut-out valve (to be installed by the installer)
- 119pBrGas pressure measuring point at the valve outlet
- 119.1Gas pressure measuring point upstream of the valves
- 119.2Air pressure measuring point

CH note

In accordance with SSIGE instructions, it is compulsory to install a gas safety valve (mark 1) in the pipe

DE Note

In compliance with the reference layout applicable to boiler rooms, sites with gas furnaces must be fitted with a thermal gas shut-off valve (mark 1).

TCG 2xx control unit

The TCG 2xx contro controls and monitor burner. The micropr program sequence of stability of time period fluctuations in the period or the ambient temp automatic combustin designed to cope wi Whenever the suppl below its rated mining the control unit shuts absence of a malfur control unit switches once the voltage has levels (> 195V).	s the forced draught ocessor-controlled ensures maximum ods, regardless of ower supply voltage erature. The on control unit is th brownouts. y voltage drops num level (< 185V), s down - even in the oction signal. The itself back on again	Locking and unle The control unit ca to malfunction modulocking button (deleted), provided to the mains power Always sw supply bef removing ta attempt to repairs on Moves the
Pressing the unlocking button on the unit for	causes	Moves the
1 second	the control unit to unlock.	Reduces t
2 seconds	the control unit to lock.	Modifies/C shov
9 seconds	the statistics to be deleted	Unlocks th
		Red LED (f

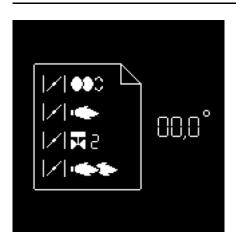
nlocking can be locked (switched node) by pressing the n and unlocked (fault ed the unit is connected wer supply. switch off the power efore installing or g the control unit. Do not to open or carry out

o open or carry out n the control unit.

Moves the	e cursor upwards.
Moves th	e cursor downwards.
Increases	s the marked value.
Reduces	the marked value.
Modifies, sho	/Confirms the value own.
Unlocks	the control unit.
Red LED pres	(flashes if a fault is sent).

Screen	Description	Screen	Description
	Awaiting the heat request from the boiler		Opening the gas valve and safety time
∑ -+ → + × 35,0°	Air flap is forced open for pre- ventilation.	- → → → → → → → → → →	Flame is present, awaiting authorisation of regulation
[+ 900° ++s	Pre-ventilation	°0,05 COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO COO CO	Burner in operation. The lower cell shows the strength of the signal and the operating time of the burner.
● ● 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕 〕	Closing the air flap to the ignition position, pre-ignition		

TCG 2xx control unit

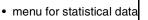


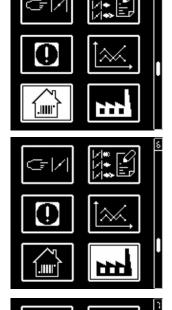
In parallel with its control and safety functions, the TCG2xx control unit allows the following to be set: (see illustration)

- the position of the air flap during ignition
- the position of the air flap during the 1st stage
- the opening position of the stage 2 valve (for switching from 1st to 2nd stage)
- the position of the air flap during the 2nd stage
- the closing position of the stage 2 air flap (for switching from 2nd to 1st stage).

 menu for setting the servomotor,

- menu for storing the servomotor setpoints in the display
- menu for consulting faults

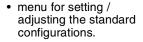




The parameters for the control unit are set using the display and 5 keys. Operating values are shown in real time on the display.

Pressing the keys gives access to 7 menus:

(The menu on the bottom right is not activated in VG 2.120 D, VG 2.160 D and VG 2.210 D)



 menu for setting industrial applications

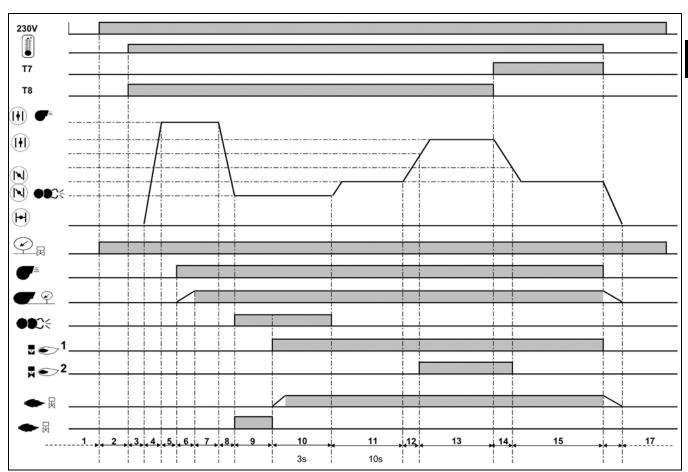
· menu for manual control

In these menus, it is possible to adjust the control unit's standard configurations. These are pre-set in the factory. No modifications may be carried out on-site without prior consultation with ELCO. The access code and the setting setpoints for this menu are available on request.

...

Operation

TCG 2xx control unit



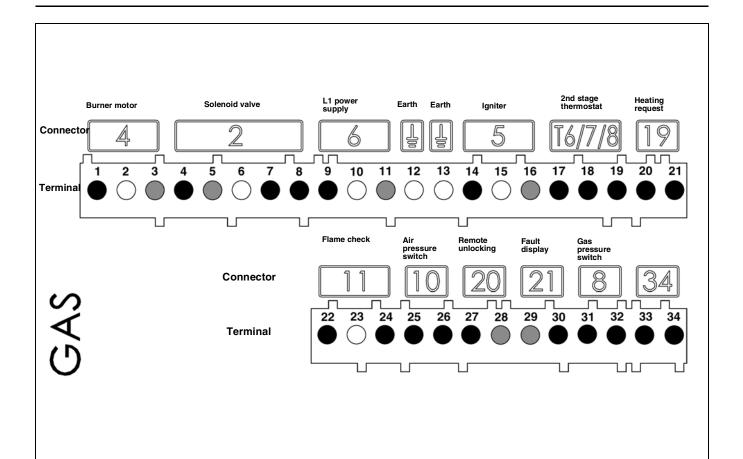
Operating cycle phases:

- 1: No voltage
- 2: Powering up, no heat request
- 3: Checking the air flap is closed
- 4: Opening an air flap, arrival in pre-ventilation position
- 5: Checking the rest status of the air pressure switch
- 6: Pre-ventilation: energizing of the motor, checking the air pressure
- 7: End of pre-ventilation
- 8: Air flap closes to the ignition position 9: Switching on the igniter, unauthorised
- flame monitoring
- 10:Starting the burner: Opening of the

- solenoid valve, flame formation, safety time: max. 3 s.
- 11:Awaiting regulator release
- 12:Opening the air flap, until the opening position of the 2nd stage valve is reached
- 13:Operation in 2nd stage 14:Closing the air flap, until the 2nd stage valve reaches the closed position
- 15:Operation in 1st stage
- 16:Regulator shutdown, closure of the air flap to 0°
- 17:Awaiting a new heating request

Operation

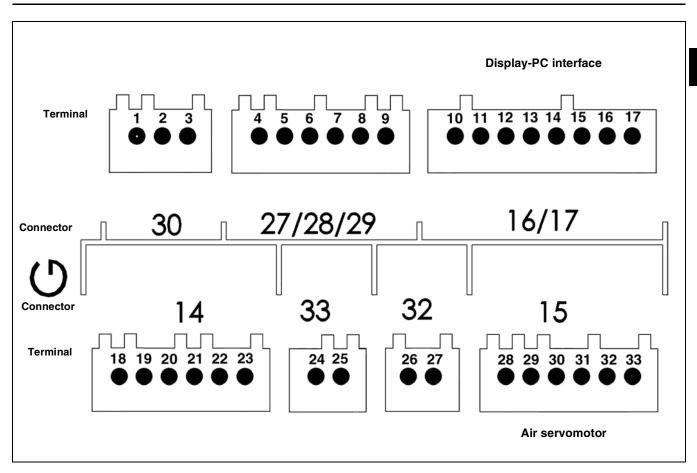
Terminal allocation chart 230 Volt connection



Terminal	Description	Connector	Terminal	Description	Connector
1	Burner motor phase		20	1 st stage thermostat live (T1)	19
2	Earth	4	21	Heating request signal (option T2)	19
3	Neutral		22	Flame monitoring signal	
4	1 st stage solenoid valve live		23	Earth	11
5	Neutral		24	Live	
6	Earth	2	25	Air pressure switch signal	10
7	Live		26	Live	10
8	2 nd stage solenoid valve live		27	Live	20
9	Live L1	_	28	Remote unlocking signal	20
10	Earth	6	29	Neutral	21
11	Neutral		30	Signal fault live	21
12	Earth		31	Live	8
13	Earth		32	Live	0
14	Igniter live	_	33	Not used	34
15	Earth	5	34	Not used	- 34
16	Neutral			•	
17	Live for the 2 nd stage thermostat		1		
18	Signal T7	T6/7/8			
19	Signal T8				

Operation

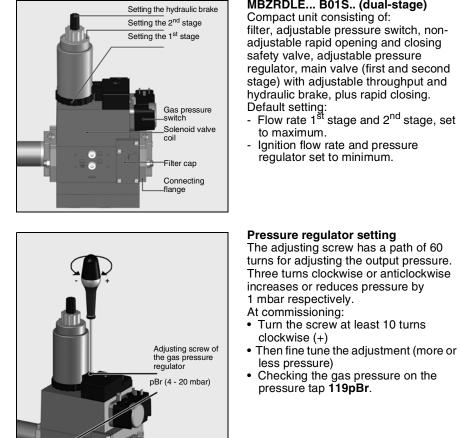
Terminal allocation chart Low voltage connections



Terminal	Description	Connector	Terminal	Description	Connector
1	not used		18	not used	
2	not used	30	19	not used	
3	not used		20	not used	14
4	not used	~ -	21	not used	
5	not used	27	22	not used	
6	not used	28	23	not used	
7	not used		24	not used	33
8	not used	29	25	not used	
9	not used		26	not used	32
10			27	not used	JZ
11		4.0	28		
12		16	29		
13	Diaplay or BC interface	1	30	Air servomotor	15
14	Display or PC interface	/	31	All Servoriotor	10
15		17	32		
16			33		
17	1			•	

en

MB-ZRDLE gas train



MBZRDLE... B01S.. (dual-stage)

filter, adjustable pressure switch, nonadjustable rapid opening and closing safety valve, adjustable pressure regulator, main valve (first and second stage) with adjustable throughput and hydraulic brake, plus rapid closing.

Technical data

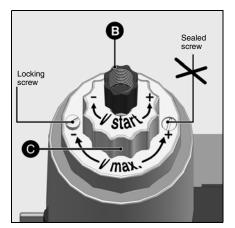
Input pressure	360 mbar max.
Ambient temperatu	re -15 to +70 C°
Voltage	230 V/ 50 Hz
Absorbed output	60 VA
Protection level	IP 54
Gas connection	3/4" Rp or 1" 1/4 Rp
Assembly position:	

- Vertical with coil facing upwards
- Horizontal with coil hidden

The adjusting screw has a path of 60

turns for adjusting the output pressure. Three turns clockwise or anticlockwise increases or reduces pressure by

- Turn the screw at least 10 turns
- Then fine tune the adjustment (more or
- Checking the gas pressure on the



Setting the ignition throughput

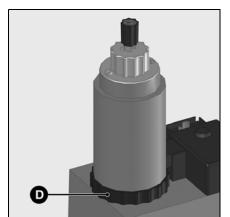
- Unscrew plastic cap B.
- Turn it over and use it as a tool for turning the adjusting screw (three turns to adjust from minimum to maximum throughput)
- Reduce the ignition throughput by turning the screw clockwise, reduce it by turning it anti-clockwise.

Adjusting the nominal flow rate

 Unscrew the locking screw (the sealed screw must not, however, be unscrewed)

Setting the gas throughput for the 2nd stage

• Reduce nominal gas throughput by turning adjusting knob **C**, anticlockwise (located on the upper section of the solenoid coil). Turning clockwise increases throughput.

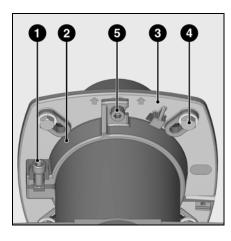


Setting the gas throughput for the 1st stage

By hand (not tool).

· Reduce gas throughput by turning ring D clockwise (located on the lower section of the solenoid coil). Turn anticlockwise to increase gas throughput.

Burner assembly



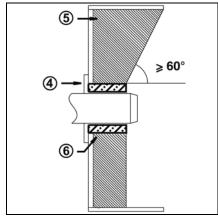
Burner assembly

Burner flange **3** is equipped with elongated holes and can be used with a hole circle diameter of 150 - 184mm. These dimensions comply with EN 226. Sliding pipe bracket **2** on the burner pipe makes it possible to adjust the installed depth of the mixing unit to the geometry of the combustion chamber concerned. The installed depth remains the same during fitting and removal. Pipe bracket **2** secures the burner to the connecting flange and therefore to the

connecting flange and therefore to the boiler. This completely seals off the combustion chamber.

Installation:

- Secure connecting flange **3** to the boiler using screws **4**
- Fit pipe bracket 2 to the burner pipe and secure using screw 1. Tighten screw 1 to a maximum torque of 6 Nm.
- Turn the burner slightly, guide it into the flange and secure using screw 5.
- Removal:
- Loosen screw 5
- Turn the burner out of the bayonet socket and pull it out of the flange.

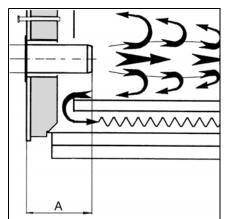


Burner tube installation depth and brickwork surround

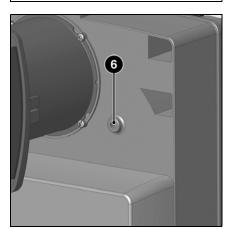
Unless otherwise specified by the boiler manufacturer, heat generators without a cooled front wall require brickwork or insulation **5** as shown in the illustration opposite. The brickwork must not protrude beyond the leading edge of the flame tube, and should have a maximum conical angle of 60°. Space **6** must be filled with an elastic, non-flammable insulation material. For assembly in the position with the volute facing upwards, unclip the display, turn it over 180°, and refit it.

Exhaust gas evacuation system

To avoid unpleasant noise emissions, right-angled connectors should not be used on the flue gas side of the boiler.



On boilers with reverse firing, minimum flame tube insertion depth **A** should be observed as per the boiler manufacturer's instructions.



Inspection glass cooling

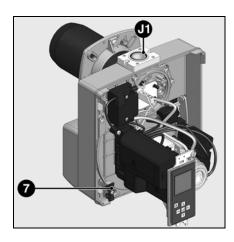
The burner housing can be equipped with an R1/8" connection to support a line for cooling the inspection glass of the boiler.

• To do this, drill through boss 6 and cut an 1/8" thread.

Use accessories article No.

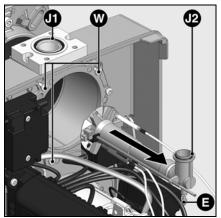
12 056 459 for the connecting nipple and connection hose.

Gas train Checking/setting the mixing unit



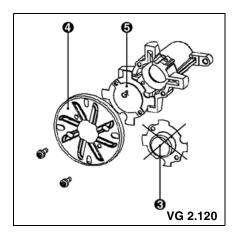
Gas train assembly

- Check the correct position of the O-ring **J1** in the gas connecting flange.
- Secure the gas train on the burner head so that the gas train coils are in the upper vertical position.
- Pay attention to the direction of circulation.
- Route the connection cable for the gas train through clamp 7 and connect it to the gas train.

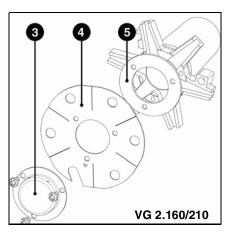


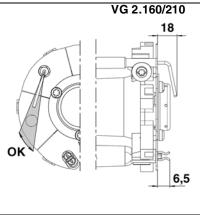
Checking the mixing unit

- Loosen the three cover screws W.
- Remove the cover.
- Loosen lock nut E on the gas pipe
- bracket Loosen the retaining bolt.
- Remove the mixing unit.



VG 2.120 5 å





02/2011 - Art. Nr. 4200 1029 5200B

Setting to liquid gas operation Burner VG 2.160/210

- Remove stabilising gas stop 3 and baffle plate 4.
- Fit adaptor 5 (supplied with the housing).
- Refit baffle plate 4 and stabilising gas stop 3.

Setting to liquid gas operation Burner VG 2.120

- Remove stabilising gas stop 3 and baffle plate 4.
- Fit adaptor 5 (supplied with the
- housing). Refit baffle plate 4 <u>without stabilising</u> <u>gas stop</u> 3.

Checking the mixing unit

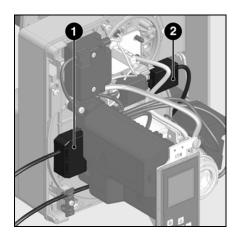
 Check the adjustment of the ionisation sensor and the ignition electrode in accordance with the illustrations.

Assembly

Gas connection Electrical connection Checks before commissioning

General regulations applying to the gas connection

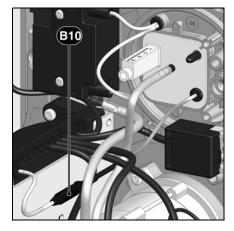
- The gas train must only be connected to the gas mains by a recognised specialist.
- The cross-section of the gas line should be of a size designed to guarantee that the gas flow pressure does not drop below the specified level.
- A manual shut-off valve (not supplied) must be fitted upstream of the gas train.
- In Germany, a thermally triggered shut-off valve (to be installed by the customer side) must be fitted as



Checks before commissioning

The following must be checked before initial commissioning:

- That the burner is assembled in accordance with the instructions given here.
- That the burner is pre-set in accordance with the values in the adjustment table.
- · Setting the combustion components.
- The heat generator must be ready for operation, and the operating regulations for the heat generator must be observed.
- All electrical connections must be correct.
- The heat generator and heating



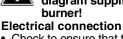
specified by the draft combustion ordinance.

It is the responsibility of the fitter or his representative to obtain approval for the system at the same time as the burner is commissioned. Only the fitter or his representative can guarantee that the system meets applicable standards and regulations. The fitter should be in possession of the corresponding official permit, and should carry out the corresponding sealing tests and purge the system of air.

Electrical installation and connection work must only be carried out by a suitably qualified electrician. All applicable regulations and directives must be observed.



be observed. The applicable guidelines and directives must be observed, as well as the electrical circuit diagram supplied with the



 Check to ensure that the power supply is as specified (230V, 50 Hz single phase with neutral and earth)
 Boiler fuse: 10 A

system must be filled with water and the circulating pumps must be in operation.

- The temperature regulator, pressure regulator, low water detectors and any other safety or limiting devices that might be fitted must be connected and operational.
- The exhaust gas duct must be unobstructed and the secondary air system, if available, must be operational.
- An adequate supply of fresh air must be guaranteed.
- The heat request must be available.
- Sufficient gas pressure must be available.

Ionisation current measurement

To measure the ionisation current, disconnect connector **B10** and connect a multimeter with a measuring range of 0-100 μ A.

0-100 μA. The 2nd stage ionisation current must be at least 7 μA. It is also possible to read the ionisation current on the display.

Electrical connection

It must be possible to disconnect the burner from the mains using an omnipolar shutdown device complying with the standards in force. The burner and heat generator (boiler) are connected by a 7-pin Wieland connector 1 and a 4-pin Wieland connector 2 (not supplied). The diameter of the cables connected to these connectors must be between 8.3 and 11 mm. Connecting the gas train

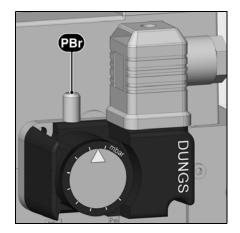
Connect the gas train to the plugs on the burner (black to black, grey to grey).

- The fuel supply lines must be assembled correctly, checked for leaks and bled.
- A standard-compliant measuring point must be available, the exhaust gas duct up to the measuring point must be free of leaks to prevent anomalies in the measurement results.

Adjustment data

	Burner	r power	Dimension Y (mm)		Air flap set	ttin g	2 ^d stage valve opening
	1 st stage	2 nd stage		lg nit.	1 st sta g e	2 ^{n d} stage	
	50	80	15	12	12	30	20
VG 2.120 D	5 5	110	20	17	17	80	30
	60	120	20	20	20	90	30
	60	110	5	15	15	40	2 5
VG 2.160 D	70	140	10	18	18	50	30
	90	160	35	20	20	60	4 0
	80	150	10	20	20	52	3 5
VG 2.210 D	90	170	2 5	22	22	70	4 5
VG 2.210 D	90	180	3 5	25	25	82	4 5
	110	210	35	25	25	90	4 5

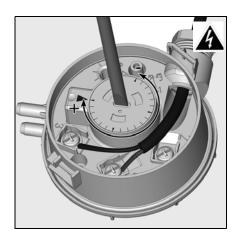
The adjustment values above are **guide** values and facilitate commissioning. The factory settings are in bold set against a grey background The final settings are essential in ensuring that the burner functions as well as possible



Setting the gas pressure switchRemove the transparent cover.

- Provisionally set to 15mbar. Setting the air pressure switch

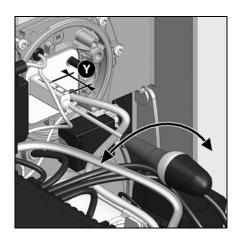
- Remove the transparent cover.Provisionally set to 1 mbar.



Air regulation

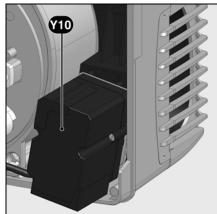
Air regulation Combustion air is regulated at two points:

- on the pressure side, using the gap between the baffle plate and the burner tube.
- on the vacuum side, by the air flap driven by servomotor **Y10.**



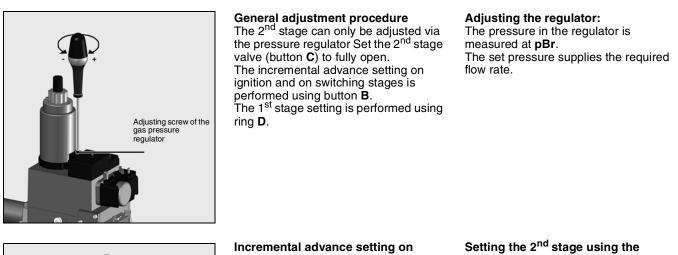
The regulation of air in the burner head affects not only the air flow but also the mixing zone and the air pressure in the burner tube. Turning

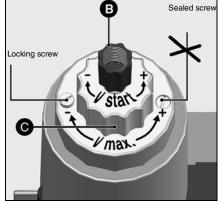
- screw A right: more air
- left: less air
- Adjust dimension Y in accordance with the settings table.



Air regulation by air flap Air is regulated on the vacuum side by an air flap. This is driven by servomotor Y10.

Setting the MB-ZRDLE gas train





ignition

This hydraulic function affects the gas valve opening characteristics during ignition and when switching stages. •

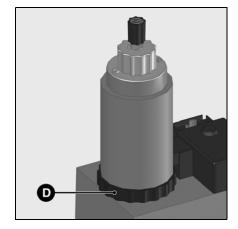
- Unscrew plastic cap B.
- Turn it around and use it as a key.
- Turn in the direction of: arrow to -: the incremental advance increases

arrow to +: the incremental advance decreases

adjusting knob C.

This operation is only required when the burner power is too high with a pressure of 5 mbar between the valves, or when the burner is tending to pulse. Proceed as follows:

- Unscrew the locking screw without touching the painted screw on the other side. The cap C is turned 4.5 times.
- Rotate clockwise arrow to -: the flow is reduced, and vice-versa.
- The pressure may need to be corrected.



Adjusting the flow of the 1st stage By hand (not tool).

Reduce gas throughput by turning ring D clockwise (located on the lower section of the solenoid coil). Turn anticlockwise to increase gas throughput. (there is a difference of 3 whole turns between the minimum and the maximum).

Note

Adjusting the gas throughput for the 2nd stage may also alter the throughput for the 1st stage. If this is the case, the 1st stage must be readjusted.

Afterwards, retighten the locking screw.

Pre-setting without flame

Setting is carried out in 2 phases: - pre-adjustment without flame - setting the flame, to fine tune the settings based on the combustion results

When the burner is switched on, the control unit displays the screen below.

Important

At this point, no setting position for the servomotor has been defined, therefore the burner cannot be started under these conditions.

□/□ □/□ □/□ □/□ □/□ □/□ □/□	• For the next step, press any button.	The control unit then opens the settings mode. The screen displays the factory pre- settings for the different positions of the air flap (here for example: for a VG2.210 D). The following positions for the air flap are presented:	I
	 The overall view of the menus is displayed, and the air flap positions settings menu is selected. Open the settings menu by pressing the button . 	 ignition position (when the menu is opened, the curser goes to this position) position of the air flap during the 1st stage position of the air flap when the 2nd stage fuel oil valve is opened position of the air flap during the 2nd stage 	I I
	 You must now enter the access code (see the label on the back of the display) Increase or decrease the value in increments by repeatedly pressing ♥ or ▲. When the first figure has been set, move the cursor to the right by pressing ▶. Repeat the operation until you reach the last figure. Confirm the access code by pressing ↓ 	 Modifying a settings value for t To modify the value of a position corresponding location with the Select the value to be modified selected value will flash. Increase or decrease the value repeatedly pressing or ▶. F and hold the button or ▶, th or down. Confirm the new value using the flashing. N.B.: It is possible to set different positivalues. However, for safety reaso a minimum interval of 2° betweer (except between the ignition position) 	on, move the cursor to the button (a) or (7). using the button (a), the in increments of 0.1° by or large modifications, press he value will scroll quickly up button The value stops (a) tons within a large range of ons, the control unit enforces the different positions

en

Pre-setting without flame General advice before starting the burner

End of settings menu without flame

When all the positions of the servomotor have been determined according to the required settings, it is then possible to move on to the next section for commissioning - "Setting the flame".

To do this, place the cursor in the lower part of the screen on the symbol $\frac{1}{2}$ and confirm by pressing the button $\boxed{1}$.

If it is necessary to quit the menu without saving the pre-settings, position the cursor on the symbol \mathbf{N} and confirm with the button \mathbf{A} .

Optimising combustion values

Optimum combustion values can be achieved by adjusting the position of the baffle plate (dimension \mathbf{Y}) if necessary. Doing this can have an effect on starting characteristics, pulsation and combustion values. Any reduction in dimension \mathbf{Y} increases the CO₂ value. However, starting characteristics become harsher.

Compensate for the change in airflow if necessary by adjusting the air flap position.

Precautions: To avoid condensation, observe the minimum required flue gas temperature specified by the boiler manufacturer and comply with the requirements for flue gas ducts.



Risk of deflagration Continuously check CO, CO₂ and soot emissions when

and soot emissions when adjusting. Optimise combustion values if CO is present. The CO level must not exceed 50 ppm.

Function check

Flame monitoring must be checked for safety as part of initial commissioning and also after servicing or if the system has been out of operation for any significant period of time.

- Starting attempt with gas valve closed: once the safety time has elapsed, the control and safety unit should indicate a lack of gas or switch to malfunction mode.
- Starting with the air pressure switch closed:

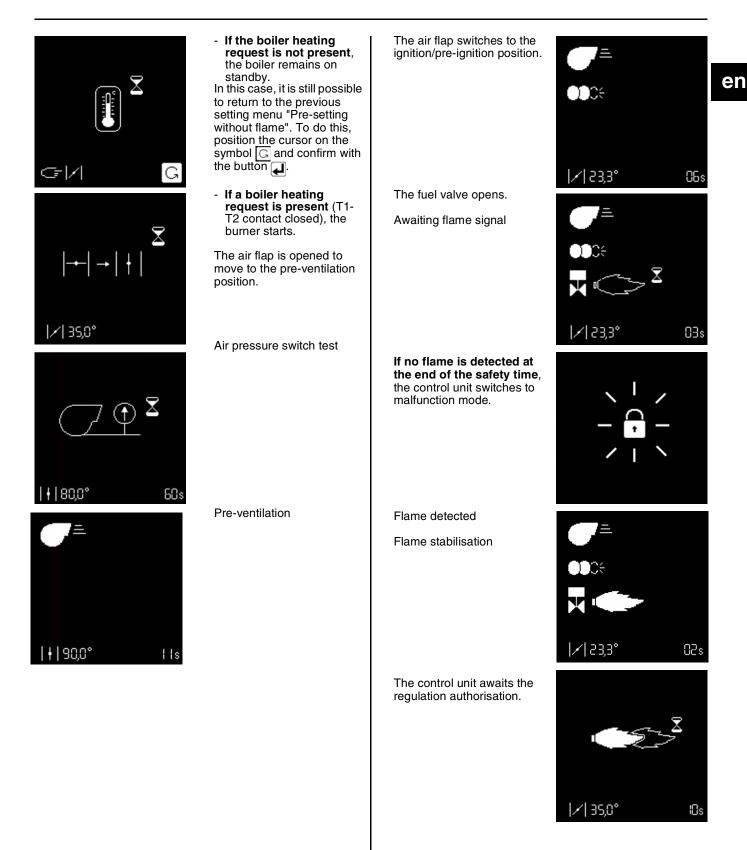
after an 8-second test period, the burner switches to malfunction mode.

- Starting attempt with air pressure switch open: after a 60-second waiting period, the
- control and safety unit locks.
 Starting attempt with brief opening of the air pressure switch during pre-

ventilation: the control and safety unit restarts the pre-ventilation programme (air pressure detected again within 60 seconds); otherwise a lockout occurs.



Setting the flame



Setting the flame

	18,0° \ /
	°0,65
l∕I ⊼ a	∕ ∖ 3५,0°
	38,0°
G 🗒	Д <i>г</i>
	°0,65
	18,0°
× 🖝	25,0°
l∕l ⊼ 2	°0,56
	42,0°
G	I 2
$ \mathbf{x} $	25,0°
	18,0°
	25,0°
l∕I ⊼ a	34,0°
	∕ ∖ 38,0°
G 🗐	

×10000

l∕l∓ a

G

I×I000

/ 42

+ 10

G

H

25,0°

18.0°

2S.0°

36,0°

38,0°

1,\

38,C°

18,C°

25,8°

°0.58

42,0°

2

2S,C°

Setting the 1st stage

If the flame has been detected, the control unit sets the burner to the 1st stage as soon as it receives the regulation authorisation.
Adjust the gas pressure for the 1st stage depending on the required output, using the regulator

- on the gas valve. Monitor the combustion values continuously as you do so (CO, CO₂, soot test). If necessary, adjust the dimension **Y** and/or adapt the airflow. To do this, modify the position of the servomotor in 1st stage. Proceed as described on page
- 17, in the paragraph "Modifying the value of a servomotor position setting"
- Precautions: when modifying the setting value, the servomotor will move in real time. As a consequence, the combustion values must be constantly checked.

Specific function: ignition checking

If the ignition position has been modified, it is possible to carry out a new burner start-up to check the new ignition position, without having to guit the settings menu.

To do this, after modifying the ignition position, position the cursor on the symbol G, and initiate the new start-up using the button \blacksquare .

Setting the opening position of the 2nd stage gas valve After the 1st stage is set, it is possible to set the opening value for the 2nd stage gas valve. Proceed as described in the paragraph "Modifying the value of a servomotor position setting'

- Precautions: in this case the servomotor does not move immediately, but first remains in the 1 $^{
m st}$ stage position (the actual position of the servomotor is always displayed in the lower part of the display). The 2nd stage valve also remains closed.

Setting the 2nd stage

To set the position of the air flap in the 2nd stage, position the cursor on the corresponding line on the display using the button $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$.

- To make the burner actually switch to the 2nd stage, press the button again. The servomotor will then move the air flap to the set position. At the same time, the 2nd stage gas valve will open, as soon as the opening position set for the servomotor is passed. Adjust the gas pressure for the 2nd stage depending on the required output, using the regulator
- on the gas valve. Monitor the combustion values continuously as you do so (CO, CO_2 , soot test). If necessary, adjust the dimension **Y** and/or adapt the airflow. To do this, modify the position of the servomotor in the 2nd stage. Proceed as described on page 17, in the paragraph
- Modifying the value of a servomotor position setting" Precautions: when modifying the setting value, the servomotor will move in real time. As a
- consequence, the combustion values must be constantly checked.

Specific function: position the opening and closing of the 2nd stage gas valve differently The control unit has the possibility of setting the opening of the 2nd stage valve, when the 1st stage changes to the 2nd stage, at a different position to that for closing when the 2nd stage drops to the 1st stage.

- To do this, position the cursor on the symbol 🔽 and confirm with the button 🚚. The selected symbol will change like this one *//*.
- Using the button \blacktriangle , position the cursor on the setting value of the 2nd stage gas valve. It is possible to adjust to different values resp. during 1st stage operation the opening position, and during 2nd stage operation the closing position.

Setting the flame Operating mode



		18,0°
∕ ●		25,0°
l∕l ⊼ 2		32,0°
		42,0°
G	Ţ	2
$ \mathbf{x} $		25,0°

I I I8,0° I

Closing the "Setting the flame" menu The burner setting is now complete. If necessary, it is possible to again correct each of the

settings values. To do this, position the cursor on the value to be modified, using the button \blacktriangle or \checkmark .

Otherwise, at all times, the following possible ways of closing the "Setting the flame" menu are available:

- Either restart the burner setting procedure, passing through the presetting phase (without entering a password). To do this, position the cursor on the symbol G and confirm with the button A line settings values already saved therefore remain available. This is essential for testing a new ignition position.
- Saving the fixed values and ending the setting procedure. To do this, position the cursor on the symbol i and confirm with the button . The burner is then ready to operate and can now be controlled by the boiler regulation.

- Quitting the settings menu without reaching the end of the setting procedure. To do this, position the cursor on the symbol and confirm with the button . All the servomotor positions saved up to this point are recovered by calling up the settings menu again.

	°0,0°
	°0,65
l∕I ⊼ 2	34,0°
$ \mathcal{A} $	°0,65
8,08 µA	00:0 :48s

Operating mode - Display of the operating status, the flame signal and the operating time

After setting of the burner has been completed, it switches to operating mode.

The current operation of the burner (Operation in 1st or 2nd stage) is indicated by the cursor.

The lower cell shows the intensity of the signal. The display range is from 0 μ A to 7 μ A. For the 2nd stage, a good quality signal is one above 7 μ A.

- The following limit values are valid:
- When checking an unwanted flame: the signal must be < $0.7 \mu A$
- During the safety time: the signal must be > $1.0\mu A$
- During operation: the signal must be > $8\mu A$

The cell at the bottom right displays the current operating time of the burner.

Commissioning

(PBr

Setting the gas pressure switch Setting the air pressure switch Saving the adjustment values in the display

Setting the gas pressure switch

- To set the switch-off pressure: remove the cover from the gas pressure switch.
- Install a gas pressure pBr measuring instrument.
- Start the burner. Switch to 2nd stage.
 Reduce the pressure upstream of the gest train by gradually closing the
- gas train by gradually closing the manual valve, until - the gas pressure **pBr** downstream of
- the train drops
- the flame becomes less stable - the CO level increases
- or the flame signal deteriorates considerably

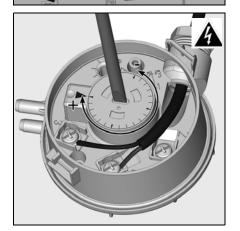
Setting the air pressure switch

- Install a pressure measuring device. To do this, install a T union in the air tube.
- Start the burner running in the 1st stage.
- Set the switch-off point to approximately 15% below the switchoff pressure read.

- Turn the dial clockwise until the gas pressure switch shuts down the burner.
- Continue turning the dial clockwise to set the gas pressure switch to 10% above the shutdown value determined above.

Checking the switch-off pressure

- Open the manual shut-off valve
- Start the burner
- Close the manual shut-off valve The gas failure procedure should start without the control unit locking.



UNGS

	00,0 °		23 <u>0</u> °
	00,0 °		2 <u>3</u> 0°
s₩N	00,0 °	I∕I∎a	4 <u>5,</u> 0 °
	00,0 °		° 0,0
	I		Ъ.
	° 0,65		° 0,65
	230°	∕ ●	° 0,65
I∕I∎a	45 <u>0</u> °	l∕I ⊼ a	ч <u>5,</u> 0 °
/ \$\$	° 0,01	/ ~>	70 <u>,0</u> °
	БТ.	t m	F

Saving the adjustment values in the display

If the burner setting procedure has been successfully completed, the servomotor positions for all the operating states will be fixed in the control unit. It is possible to store a backup copy of the values in the display.

To do this, press the button , the screen opposite is displayed. Using the button select the menu "Save adjustment values" and confirm with the button .

The screen opposite appears. Place the cursor on the symbol \mathbb{R} , press the button \mathbb{A} to begin loading the adjustment values from the control unit to the display.

A this point, it is possible to:

- store the values in the display; to do this place the cursor on the symbol and confirm with button .
- quit the menu without storing the data, with the symbol I.

Maintenance

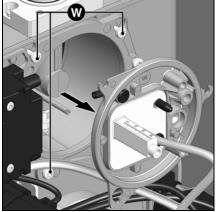
Burner and boiler servicing must only be carried out by a professionally qualified heating engineer. The system operator is advised to take out a maintenance contract to guarantee regular servicing. Depending on the type of installation, shorter maintenance intervals may be necessary.

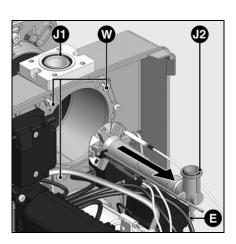


- Switch off the power supply before all maintenance and cleaning work.
- Use original spare parts.

Work recommended as part of annual burner maintenance:

- Burner test run, input measurement in the boiler room
- Clean the combustion components and replace defective parts if necessary
- Clean the fan wheel and the blower
- Clean the gas filter; replace it if necessary
- Visual inspection of the burner's electrical components; eliminate malfunctions if necessary
- Check burner start characteristics
- Leakage test
- Burner safety devices function check (air pressure/gas pressure switches)





Cleaning the fan wheel

- attach it in the service position (see illustration).
- Remove and clean the fan wheel and replace it if necessary. Reassemble in the reverse order.

- Flame monitor and automatic combustion control unit function check
- Commissioning the burner
- Check the gas flow Correct the adjustment values if necessary
- Draw up a measurement report

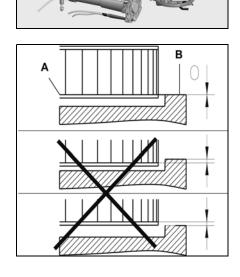
General checks

- Emergency stop button function check
 Visual inspection of gas lines in the boiler room

Remove the equipment plate and

hecking the mixing unit

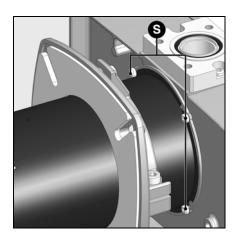
- Remove the burner hood. Disconnect the ignition cable on the transformer side.
- Loosen the three cover screws W.
- Remove the cover.
- Loosen lock nut E on the gas pipe bracket
- Loosen the retaining bolt.
- Remove the mixing unit.
- Check the condition of the baffle plate.
- Check the position of the ignition electrode and the ionisation sensor.
- When refitting, make sure that the cable is routed correctly and that O-ring J2 is correctly seated.
- Check for leaks.

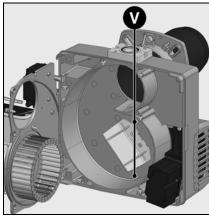


Fitting the fan wheel

When changing the motor or the fan wheel, refer to the positioning diagram opposite. The internal flange A of the fan wheel must be aligned with plate B. Insert a ruler between the vanes of the fan wheel and bring A and B to the same height. Tighten the cone-point screw on the fan wheel.

Maintenance







Replacing the flame tube

It is necessary to remove the burner for this work. Loosen the clamping screw on the

- connecting flange. Turn the burner out of the bayonet socket, lift it slightly and pull it out of the connecting flange.
- Place the burner on the floor.
- Loosen the 4 screws S on flame tube.
- Pull the flame tube out towards you.
- Fit and secure the flame tube. •

The flame tube may be very hot

Filter replacement

- The filter element of the multiblock must be checked at least once a year and replaced if clogged. Loosen the screws of the filter cap on
- the multiblock.
- Remove the filter element and clean its housing.
- Do not use any pressurised cleaning products.
- Replace the filter element with a new element.
- Screw the cover back into place.
- Reopen the manual shut-off valve. •
- Check it is airtight.
- Check the combustion values.

Cleaning the air intake box

- Unscrew securing screws V on the air intake box.
- Remove and clean the air intake box. Reassemble in the reverse order.
- Note the correct position of the air flap and the servomotor.

Cleaning the cover

- Do not use abrasive products or products containing chlorine.
- Clean the cover with water and a suitable cleaning product.
- Refit the cover.



After any operation: check the combustion performance under real operating conditions (doors shut, cover fitted etc.). Record the results in the relevant documents.

Checking the flue gas temperature

- Check the flue gas temperature at regular intervals.
- Clean the boiler if the flue gas temperature is more than 30 °C above the value measured at the time of commissioning.
- Use a flue gas temperature gauge to make the check easier.

Troubleshooting

Malfunction diagnosis and repair

In the event of a malfunction, first check that the prerequisites for correct operation are fulfilled:

- Is there any current?
 Is there gas pressure?
- 3. Is the gas shut-off valve open? 4. Are all control and safety devices, such as the boiler thermostat, low water detector, limit switches, etc. correctly set?

If the fault is still present, check that each of the burner components is

operating. Important safety components must not be repaired; these components must be replaced by parts with the same part number.

Only use original spare parts. Switch off the power supply before carrying out maintenance or cleaning. After any work on the system:

- Under normal operating conditions (doors closed, cover fitted, etc.), check combustion and check the individual lines for leaks.
- · Record the results in the relevant documents.

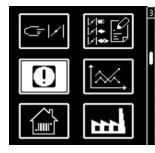
	~		/	
		Ģ		
	/		~	
	•			

Γ	Symbol	Observation	Cause	Corrective action
		Burner does not start after	Drop in supply voltage or power	Check the cause of the drop in
	0	thermostatic closure.	failure.	voltage or the power failure.
		No malfunction indicated on the		
	(*	control and safety unit.	Control unit malfunction.	Replace the control unit.
	[v]	_		
	20S V			
μ				
		No heat requested.		Adjust the thermostats, replace if
	_		incorrectly adjusted	necessary.
	<u> </u>			
IJ				
Π	-]	The burner starts briefly when	The control unit has intentionally	Unlock the unit.
			been manually locked.	
		the red indicator light comes on.		
	8,00 µA	_		
	230 V			
	55,0 °			
	0005 G			
	00:02:40			
H		Burner does not start.	Air pressure switch: not in rest	
	"`(+'∑		position.	
				Readjust the pressure switch.
				Check the wiring.
	0,00 µA`		Contact welded	Replace the pressure switch.
	230 V			
	00,0 °			
	0005 G			
	00:00:08			
Π		Burner does not start.	Insufficient gas pressure.	Check the gas lines.
				Clean the filter.
	_ •	Gas pressure normal	Gas pressure switch wrongly set or	
			defective	replace the compact gas unit.
	<u>т</u> Ж			
11			1	1

Troubleshooting

Symbol	Observation	Cause	Corrective action
■	Burner blower starts up. Burner does not start.	not close.	Readjust the pressure switch. Check the wiring. Replace the pressure switch.
	Burner blower starts up. Burner does not start.	Flaring during pre-ventilation or pre-ignition.	Check the valve. Check flame monitoring.
	The burner starts, the ignition switches on, then failure	No flame at the end of the safety time.	
Au 000 230 ∨ 250 ° 0006 G 0000030		Gas throughput set incorrectly. Malfunction in flame monitoring system	Adjust the gas flow stage Check the condition and position of the ionisation probe in relation to earth. Check the condition and connections of the ionisation circuit (cables and measurement bridge).
		Incorrect polarisation (live/neutral position) of the power supply on the 7P connector/socket	Check that the polarisation of the 7P connector is correct.
		No ignition sparks. Electrode(s) short-circuited.	Adjust, clean or replace the electrodes.
		Ignition cable(s) damaged or defective.	Connect or replace the cable(s).
		Igniter defective. Control and safety unit	Replace the igniter. Replace the control unit. Check the cabling between the control unit and external components.
		Solenoid valves do not open.	Replace the compact gas unit.
		Valves jamming.	Replace the valves.
	The burner switches off during operation.	Air pressure switch: contact opens during start-up or during operation.	
/ \ A ₄ 000 > 000 35,0 ° 0000 000 €20		Flame failure during operation.	Check the ionisation probe circuit Check or replace the control and safety unit.
4 000 µA 230 ∨ 580 ° 0006 G 0000:40	Servomotor fault	Clogging of the air flap Locking of the air flap Internal fault with the servomotor	Replace the servomotor

Fault diagnosis menu **Operating statistics menu**







Fault diagnosis menu

To access the fault diagnosis menu, press any button when the burner is ready to operate, when the burner is in operation, or when it is in malfunction mode. It is not possible to access the fault diagnosis menu during the start-up phase.

The general menu screen will appear. Using the buttons A, T, E, or , place the cursor on the fault diagnosis menu symbol, and confirm using the button 1

The details of the last fault to appear are indicated by the flashing symbol. The flame intensity, network voltage, air flap position, number of burner start-ups as well as the operating time of the burner at the time it switched to malfunction mode are displayed underneath.

Using the buttons \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{A} , it is possible to call up the details of the last 5 faults to have appeared (the fault number is displayed in the upper left corner of the display). After the details of the last 5 faults, the telephone number of the after-sales department as well as the maintenance contract number are shown (no values are entered in the factory).

Quit the menu using the button II

Entering a telephone number for the maintenance company and the maintenance contract number

When the corresponding symbol appears on the display:

- Keep the button A held down until the first figure starts to flash (a short press will exit the menu).
- Using the buttons () or (), change the figure to the value required (underscore = empty field)
- Using the button , move on to the next figure.
- When the number is complete, save using the button 4.



0,Ss

2,6s

Operating statistics menu

To access the operating statistics menu, press any button, when the burner is ready to operate, when the burner is in operation, or when it is in malfunction mode. It is impossible to access the operating statistics diagnosis menu during the start-up phase.

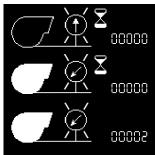
The general menu screen will appear. Using the buttons \blacktriangle , \bigtriangledown , \blacktriangleright , or \triangleleft , place the cursor on the operating statistics menu symbol, and confirm using the button \blacksquare . The operating statistics menu comprises 7 screens. Navigation between the different screens is

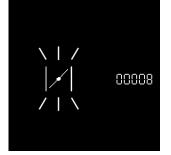
done using the buttons A and T.

- Flame detection time for last start-up
- Average flame detection time for the latest 5 start-ups
- 00234S G 000003 🙃 N 56000 000028 h 🖘
- Total number of burner start-ups
- Total number of faults
- Total number of operating hours
- Total number of operating hours in 2nd stage

Servicing

Operating statistics menu





- Total number of burner start-ups since the last meter reset
- Total number of faults since the last meter reset
- Total operating time since the last meter reset
- Total operating time in 2nd stage since the last meter reset
- Number of "unwanted flame" faults
- Number of "No flame after safety time" faults
- Number of "Flame loss during operation" faults
- Number of "Air pressure switch stuck" faults
- Number of "Air pressure switch does not close during operation" faults
- Number of "Air pressure switch switching over" faults
- Number of "servomotor" faults
- Quit the menu using the button 4.

elco

www.elco.net

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BE	ELCO Belgium nv/sa Z.1 Researchpark 60 1731 Zellik	02-4631902
СН	ELCOTHERM AG Sarganserstrasse 100 7324 Vilters	0848 808 808
DE	ELCO GmbH Dreieichstr.10 64546 Mörfelden-Walldorf	0180-3526180
I	ELCO Italia S.p.A. Via Roma 64 31023 Resana (TV)	800-087887
NL	ELCO Burners B.V. Amsterdamsestraatweg 27 1411 AW Naarden	035-6957350
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